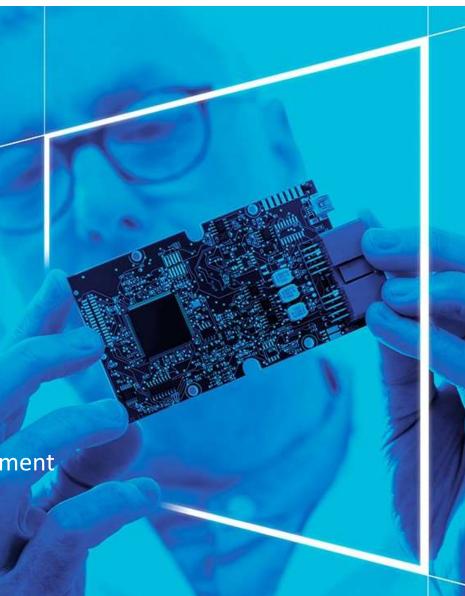


# GABELLI 26<sup>th</sup> ANNUAL AEROSPACE & DEFENSE CONFERENCE

Mike Ruppert Executive Vice President & CFO

Nelson Erickson
Vice President, Strategy & Corporate Development

September 10, 2020



#### Forward-looking safe harbor statement

This presentation contains certain forward-looking statements, as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, including those relating to the acquisitions described herein and to fiscal 2021 business performance and beyond and the Company's plans for growth and improvement in profitability and cash flow. You can identify these statements by the use of the words "may," "will," "could," "should," "would," "plans," "expects," "anticipates," "continue," "estimate," "project," "intend," "likely," "forecast," "probable," "potential," and similar expressions. These forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those projected or anticipated. Such risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, continued funding of defense programs, the timing and amounts of such funding, general economic and business conditions, including unforeseen weakness in the Company's markets, effects of epidemics and pandemics such as COVID, effects of any U.S. federal government shutdown or extended continuing resolution, effects of continued geopolitical unrest and regional conflicts, competition, changes in technology and methods of marketing, delays in completing engineering and manufacturing programs, changes in customer order patterns, changes in product mix, continued success in technological advances and delivering technological innovations, changes in, or in the U.S. Government's interpretation of, federal export control or procurement rules and regulations, market acceptance of the Company's products, shortages in components, production delays or unanticipated expenses due to performance quality issues with outsourced components, inability to fully realize the expected benefits from acquisitions and restructurings, or delays in realizing such benefits, challenges in integrating acquired businesses and achieving anticipated synergies, increases in interest rates, changes to industrial security and cyber-security regulations and requirements, changes in tax rates or tax regulations, changes to interest rate swaps or other cash flow hedging arrangements, changes to generally accepted accounting principles, difficulties in retaining key employees and customers, unanticipated costs under fixed-price service and system integration engagements, and various other factors beyond our control. These risks and uncertainties also include such additional risk factors as are discussed in the Company's filings with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission, including its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended July 3, 2020. The Company cautions readers not to place undue reliance upon any such forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date made. The Company undertakes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement to reflect events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made.

Use of Non-GAAP (Generally Accepted Accounting Principles) Financial Measures

In addition to reporting financial results in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, or GAAP, the Company provides adjusted EBITDA, adjusted income, adjusted EPS, free cash flow, organic revenue and acquired revenue, which are non-GAAP financial measures. Adjusted EBITDA, adjusted income, and adjusted EPS exclude certain non-cash and other specified charges. The Company believes these non-GAAP financial measures are useful to help investors better understand its past financial performance and prospects for the future. However, these non-GAAP measures should not be considered in isolation or as a substitute for financial information provided in accordance with GAAP. Management believes these non-GAAP measures assist in providing a more complete understanding of the Company's underlying operational results and trends, and management uses these measures along with the corresponding GAAP financial measures to manage the Company's business, to evaluate its performance compared to prior periods and the marketplace, and to establish operational goals. A reconciliation of GAAP to non-GAAP financial results discussed in this presentation is contained in the Appendix hereto.

### **Mercury Systems at-a-glance**

**Innovation That Matters. By and For People Who Matter.** 

Founded in 1981
NASDAQ: MRCY

Provide all processing solutions on every system that requires trusted and secure computing

Transformational business model at the intersection of high tech and defense

Deployed on 300+ programs – serving defense Prime contractor outsourcing needs

Making commercial technology profoundly more accessible

Defense industry's highest Glassdoor employee ratings\*

### Mercury Systems by the numbers

1,970+

Number of team members globally, >25% hold DoD security clearances

22

Global state-of-the-art facilities

35+

Years of tech leadership in A&D industry

4-5x

Research & development relative investment compared to our industry

300+

Installed base: number of A&D programs with Mercury embedded

25+

Prime customers: including virtually all leaders in the A&D industry

\$797M

FY20 Revenue, 28% CAGR FY15-FY20 ~11% avg. organic growth FY15-FY20

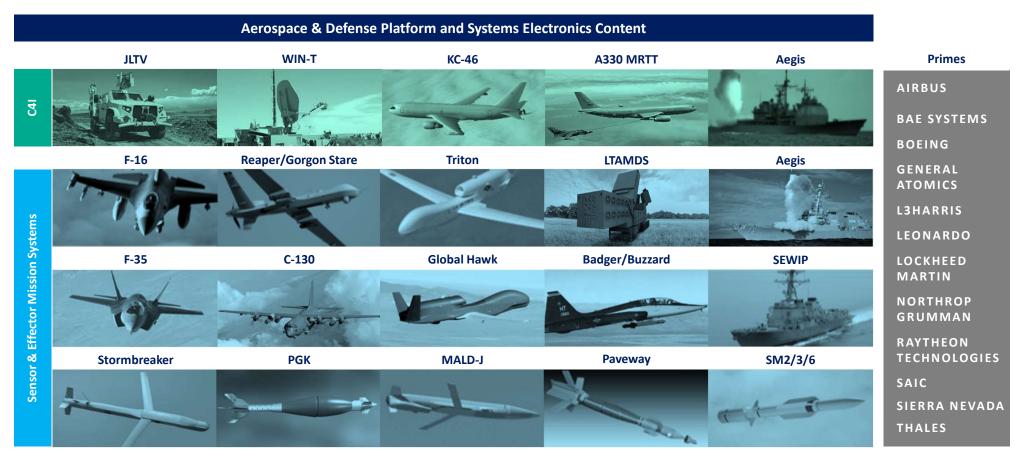
\$176M

FY20 Adj. EBITDA \$176M (22% margin) 32% CAGR FY15-FY20

11

Number of M&A transactions completed last 5 years

### Mercury solutions deployed on 300+ programs with 25+ primes



### **Investment highlights**

Focused on large, growing, well-funded addressable markets

Proven transformational business model investing 4-5x defense industry average in R&D

Benefiting from outsourcing, supply chain delayering and "re-shoring"

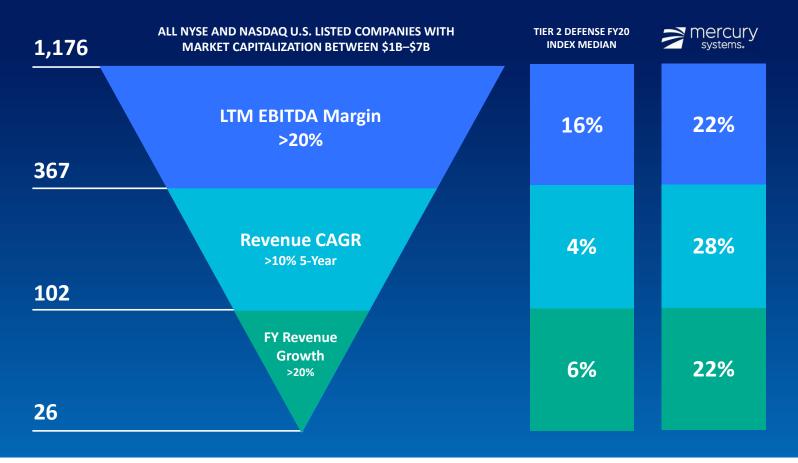
Low-risk content expansion strategies delivering above-average organic revenue CAGR

Successful M&A and integration strategy targeting new capabilities and market expansion

Financial performance in top 5% of similarly sized public companies\*

<sup>\*</sup>Based on relative performance in LTM EBITDA; 5-year CAGR; and LTM revenue growth

### Mercury's financial profile demonstrates our unique strategy



#### Notes

- Fiscal year figures for Mercury are based on the trailing four fiscal quarters using information reported in Mercury's Form 10-Ks, Form 10-Qs and/or most recent earnings release. All other data per FactSet as of July 14, 2020. 5-year CAGR for market participants calculated per FactSet for the trailing four fiscal quarters available as of July 14, 2020 and the comparable historical period. Mercury 5-year CAGR calculated as the trailing four fiscal quarters ending fiscal Q4 FY20 compared to the trailing four fiscal quarters ending fiscal Q4 FY15. Financials represent reported results and are not adjusted for acquisitions or divestitures.
- TIER 2 DEFENSE INDEX: AAR, Aerojet Rocketdyne, AeroVironment, AXON Enterprise, Ball Corporation, BWX Technologies, Comtech Telecommunications Corp, Cubic, Curtiss-Wright, Ducommun, Elbit Systems, FLIR Systems, HEICO, Hexcel, Honeywell Intl, Kaman, Kratos Defense & Security Solutions, L3Harris Technologies, Maxar, Moog, Oshkosh, OSI Systems, Teledyne Technologies, Textron, TransDigm Group, Triumph Group, ViaSat, Woodward, Inc.



## 6 highly differentiated capabilities: To invest in any one of these would be significant. We invest in all six.

**01 Silicon:** We are a leader in adapting commercially-developed silicon technology that is purpose-built specifically for aerospace and defense.

**O2 Speed:** Highest performance and densest processing solutions available onboard military platforms.

**03 SWaP:** Everything optimized for size, weight and power, along with most advanced packaging cooling technology.



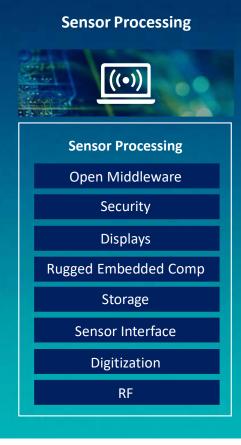
**04 Software:** Investment in the most advanced open middleware and software allowing customers to port their applications on top of open mission systems architecture.

**05 Security:** Investment in industry-leading embedded security capabilities and secure manufacturing facilities.

**06 Safety:** Design safety-certifiable processing systems up to the highest design assurance levels.

## However, our overarching strategy is to provide all types of processing subsystems requiring trusted, secure computing

- Traditional COTS product integration model broken
- Procurement reform has shifted development risk to industry
- Customers burdened with integration risk and cost
- Our approach reduces program risk, meets outsourcing need, delivers at speed of relevance



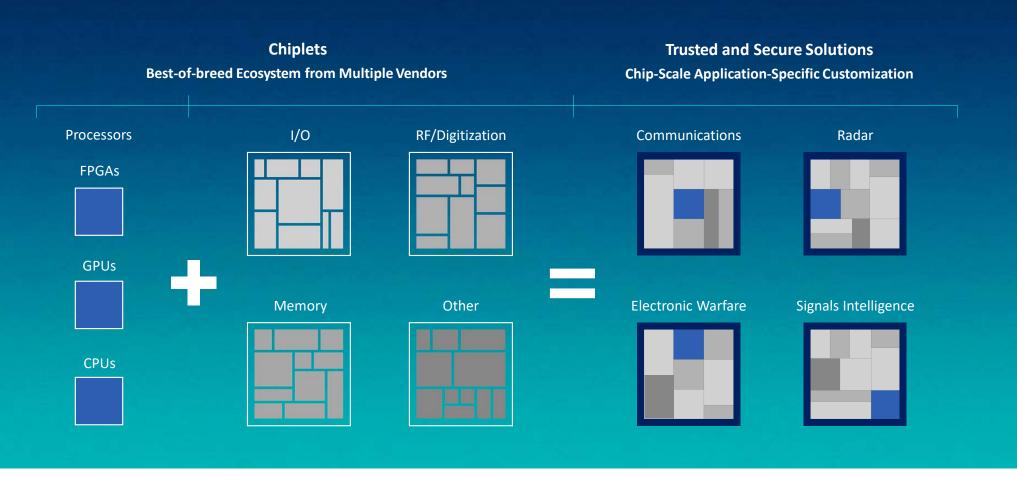


**Platform & Mission Management** 



**C31** 

### This game-changing capability will enable new applications at a rapid pace



## We are simultaneously expanding our content footprint vertically while horizontally expanding our market access

#### Up to a 12x increase in content

per system as customers outsource more due to secure computing requirements and as system complexity grows



C4I Tier 2 market \$22.4B 4.1% CAGR



Provide all other computers that need trust, security, safety





content increase per system as new trusted microelectronic capabilities enable new applications and performance

SEMS Tier 2 market \$16.4B 4.6% CAGR



Move into adjacent submarkets and other system sensors

#### Notes

Tier 2 includes embedded computing and subsystems with RF content. Includes US Government and Global Defense & Commercial Aerospace Markets

Sources: RSAdvisors research & analysis, November 2019. CAGRs referenced are for periods GFY19-GFY24. Numbers are rounded.

#### Six major trends shaping the defense industry

### 1/ Defense spending pressures

Political uncertainty, COVID-19 stimulus, interest payments, healthcare and social spending remain long-term headwinds; Pressures require prioritization within DoD

#### 2/ Challenging global security environment

National Defense Strategy is focused on near-peer threats; Chinese militarization and power projection, resurgent Russia; drives technology requirements

#### 3/ Defense electronics modernization underway

Significant system upgrades underway to maintain and extend competitive advantage: Sensor & C4I as well as weapon systems modernization and readiness

### 4/ Investment and innovation challenges

Primes increasing headcount but recruitment challenges and aging workforce; Relatively low IRAD requires focused investment and increased outsourcing

#### 5/ Need access to commercial technology

Leverage high-tech commercial investment and innovation; must be tailored for defense purposes. Microelectronics elevated to DoD's #1 technology priority

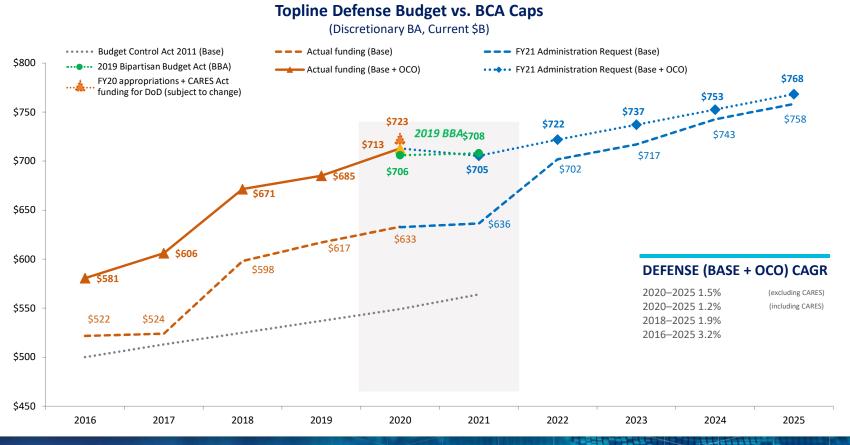
#### 6/ Imperative for U.S.-produced technology

Supply chain globalization vs. need for trust, security and assurance. Need to onshore capacity and capability



### FY21 DoD PBR reflects 2019 BBA toplines for FY20-21 and calls for ~1.5% topline budget growth over the FYDIP





- FY20 051 appropriations amount \$723B includes ~\$8B of MILCON emergency requirements and ~\$10B of CARES stimulus in OCO
- FY20 051 appropriations amount \$713B includes only ~\$8B of MILCON emergency requirements in OCO
- Budget and BCA Caps represent the 051 account
- BBA 051 totals are estimated using 050 cap and typical 051 ratio

#### Sources

BBA 2019, FY21 PBR, CBO, CRS, OMB, FY20 DoD Green Book, FY18-20 Defense Appropriations bills, RSAdvisors research &

### The A&D electronics systems market is ~ \$125B annually

Our total addressable market is now ~\$40B

#### **Aerospace & Defense Platform and Systems Electronics Content**

C4I (\$22.4B)\*

Sensor & Effector Mission Systems (\$16.4B)\*

MARKET SEGMENT	Platform & Mission Mgmt	C2I	Comms	EW	Radar	EO/IR	Acoustics	Weapons
				000		60		
	Avionics/ Vetronics	Command & Control/Battle Management	Dedicated Communications	Electronic Warfare	Radar	Electro-Optical/ Infrared	Acoustics	Missiles/ Munitions
DEFINITION	Control & operation of platform & mission systems	Processing & exploitation of information	Dissemination of information	Offensive / defensive exploitation of EM spectrum	Use of RF signal to detect, track, ID	Thermo-graphic camera with video output	Sound pulses to determine object location	Seekers, HEL, HPM Naval Launched Air Launched
GFY19	\$28.1B	\$37.6B	\$16.4B	\$8.8B	\$10.2B	\$11.6B	\$4.0B	\$5.8B
ELECTRONICS	4.0%	2.7%	3.9%	4.2%	3.2%	3.5%	5.2%	4.0%
MARKET (\$B)	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR
	\$7.1B	\$7.7B	\$7.6B	\$5.4B	\$5.3B	\$1.8B	\$1.0B	\$2.9B
GFY19 TIER 2* MARKET (\$B)	4.8%	3.7%	4.0%	4.3%	3.6%	4.8%	6.0%	4.4%
WANKEI (SD)	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR	'19-24 CAGR

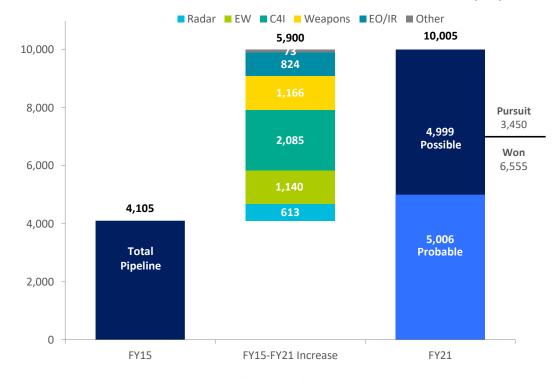
Notes: \*Tier 2 includes embedded computing and subsystems with RF content. Includes US Government and Global Defense & Commercial Aerospace Markets Sources: RSAdvisors research & analysis, November 2019. Numbers are rounded.



#### Acquisitions and investments driving significant opportunity growth

- Defense prime contractors outsourcing more
- Outsourced integrated subsystems 74% of top 30 program lifetime value
- Content expansion driving above-average growth
- Defense primes' flight to quality suppliers
- Supply chain delayering and reshoring
- Foreign military and international sales increasing

#### TOP 30 PROGRAMS & PURSUITS ESTIMATED LIFETIME VALUE (\$M)



Note: Probable and Possible values are as of the beginning of the referenced fiscal year. Numbers are rounded.



## Glassdoor current employee ratings validate Mercury's status as a destination employer and acquirer of choice

	Mercury Systems	Glass Door Average	Proxy Peer Group <sup>(1)</sup>	Tier 2 Defense Company Index <sup>(2)</sup>
Overall Rating	4.7	3.6	3.5	3.6
Culture & Values	4.7	3.4	3.3	3.4
Work-Life Balance	4.1	3.5	3.5	3.6
Senior Management	4.6	3.2	3.0	3.2
Compensation & Benefits	4.5	3.2	3.4	3.5
Career Opportunities	4.5	3.1	3.2	3.3
Recommend to Friend	95%	64%	62%	67%
CEO Approval	98%	73%	73%	77%
Positive Business Outlook	95%	51%	51%	56%

- (1) PROXY PEER GROUP: ADTRAN, Inc., AeroVironment, Inc., Astronics Corp., Brooks Automation, Inc., CalAmp Corp., Cognex Corp., Comtech Telecommunications Corp., Cray, Inc., Digi International, Inc., Ducommun, Inc., Infinera Corp., iRobot Corp., Kratos Defense & Security Solutions, Inc., MACOM Technology Solutions Holdings, Inc., MKS Instruments, Inc., NETGEAR, Inc., NetScout Systems, Inc., Novanta, Inc., Progress Software Corp., Qualys, Inc., Vicor Corp.
- (2) TIER 2 DEFENSE INDEX: AAR
  Corporation, Aerojet Rocketdyne,
  AeroVironment, AXON Enterprises,
  Ball Aerospace, BXW Technologies,
  Comtech Telecom, Cubic Corp, Curtiss
  Wright Corp, Ducommun, Elbit
  Systems, FLIR Systems, Harris Corp,
  Heico, Hexcel, Honeywell Intl, Kaman,
  KBR, Kratos Defense, L-3
  Technologies, Maxar, MOOG,
  Oshkosh Defense, OSI Systems,
  Teledyne Technologies, Textron,
  Transdigm Group, Triumph Group,
  United Technologies, Vectrus, Viasat,
  Woodward Aerospace.
- (3) Source: Glassdoor, Inc., Sept. 1, 2020



### We have executed on a disciplined and focused M&A strategy

#### **Aerospace & Defense Platform and Systems Electronics Content**

C4I (\$22.4B)\*

Sensor & Effector Mission Systems (\$16.4B)\*

MARKET SEGMENT	Platform & Mission Mgmt	C2I	Comms	EW	Radar	EO/IR	Acoustics	Weapons
	20200			1000		60		
	Avionics/ Vetronics	Command & Control/Battle Management	Dedicated Communications	Electronic Warfare	Radar	Electro-Optical/ Infrared	Acoustics	Missiles/ Munitions
ACQUISITIONS	Ces#	ATHENA CERMANE THEMIS THEMIS THEMIS THEMIS THEMIS THEMIS	THEMIS CES	MICRONETICS ELECTION	OR Delta Hicroseni  ontonic Microseni	Organic	GERMANE SYSTEMS	ATHENA  [1]  Microsemi
GFY19 TIER 2* MARKET (\$B)	<b>\$7.1B</b> 4.8% '19-24 CAGR	<b>\$7.7B</b> 3.7% '19-24 CAGR	<b>\$7.6B</b> 4.0% '19-24 CAGR	<b>\$5.4B</b> 4.3% '19-24 CAGR	<b>\$5.3B</b> 3.6% '19-24 CAGR	<b>\$1.8B</b> 4.8% '19-24 CAGR	<b>\$1.0B</b> 6.0% '19-24 CAGR	<b>\$2.9B</b> 4.4% '19-24 CAGR

Notes: \*Tier 2 includes embedded computing and subsystems with RF content. Includes US Government and Global Defense & Commercial Aerospace Markets Sources: RSAdvisors research & analysis, November 2019. Numbers are rounded.

### Mercury M&A philosophy and value creation blueprint

© Mercury Systems, Inc.

#### **Combine Like Culture** Full Unify Consolidate & Values **Brand Entities Manufacturing** Integration Combine like Assess cultural fit We believe in full One Brand -Invest capital to and rapidly integration – We're **Mercury Systems** businesses or consolidate and enculturate the not a holding product lines to modernize gain scale and acquiree company manufacturing efficiencies facilities **Invest R&D Accelerate Organic** Continuously **Deliver Deploy Common** Growth **Leverage G&A Processes & Systems Improve** Results Deploy scalable Raise R&D to Strategic account Matrix structure Common business enterprise processes, accelerate new and solution sales drives clarity, management process design wins model to accelerate and operating systems, security, consistency, collaboration Centralize G&A continuous organic growth cadence where possible improvement

### We're a leader in trusted, secure technologies and subsystems

- Innovative growth company at intersection of high tech and defense
- Aligned with dominant industry trends
- Proven transformational business model for A&D industry
- Low-risk content expansion strategies with substantial headroom
- Successful M&A strategy targeting new capabilities and market expansion
- Financial performance in top 5% of similarly sized public companies





### **The evolution of Mercury Systems**

	In millions, except percentage and per share data.	FY15 <sup>(1)</sup>
tion	Market Capitalization <sup>(2)</sup>	\$504
Valuation	Enterprise Value <sup>(2)</sup>	\$426
	Revenue <sup>(2)</sup>	\$235
Operational	Adj. EBITDA <sup>(3)</sup> % Margin	<b>\$44</b> 19%
J	Adj. EPS <sup>(3)</sup>	\$0.80
Strategy	Number of Acquisitions <sup>(4)</sup>	N.A.
Stra	Capital Deployed(4)	N.A.

FY20 <sup>(1)</sup>	Change
\$4,373	9х
\$4,165	<b>10</b> x
\$797	3х
\$176 22%	<b>4x</b> +320 bps
\$2.30	3х
11	N.M.
\$804	N.M.

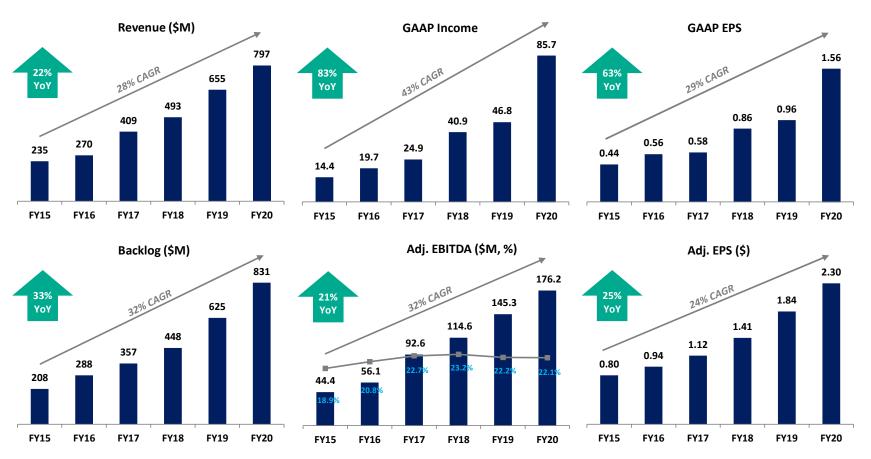
#### Notes

- (1) Trailing four fiscal quarters ended FY15 and FY20, respectively. Operational figures are based on fiscal year and fiscal quarter results as reported in the Company's Form 10-Ks, Form 10-Qs and/or most recent earnings release. Historical results are as reported, not pro forma for acquisitions.
- (2) Valuation for FY15 based on basic shares from the cover page of the Company's FY15 10-K and stock price as of June 30, 2015.

  Valuation for FY20 based on basic shares from the cover page of the Company's Q3 FY20 10-Q and stock price as of June 30, 2020.
- (3) Non-GAAP, see reconciliation
- (4) Acquisitions completed and capital deployed in acquisitions FY15-FY20.



### Mercury continues to deliver strong financial results



#### Notes

For the fiscal years ended June 30, as reported in the Company's Form 10-Ks. CAGR figures for the period FY15-FY20. YoY figures for the period FY19 vs. FY20. Numbers are rounded. Per share data is presented on a fully diluted basis. As of Q3 FY20, the Company has revised its definition of adjusted EBITDA to incorporate other non-operating adjustments, net, which incudes gains or losses on foreign currency measurement and fixed assets sales and disposals among other adjustments.



#### Content expansion from modules to subsystems

#### Components:

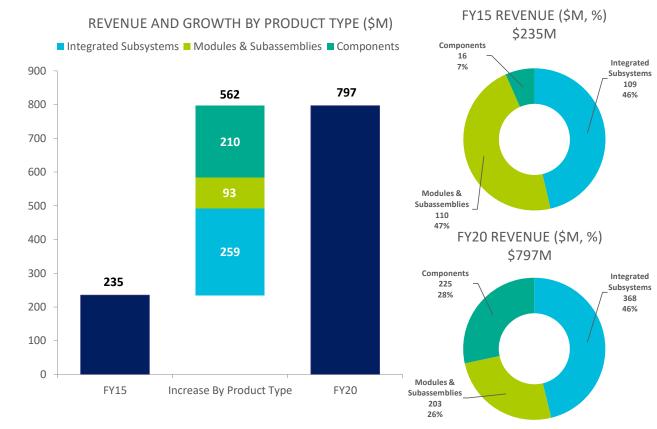
- Expansion via custom microelectronics acquisition from Microsemi
- Investment in trusted microelectronics

#### Modules/Subassemblies:

Down from 47% of revenue in FY15 to 26% in FY20 as shift towards subsystems

#### Subsystems:

- Expansion into \$40B Tier 2 RF & computing market
- Subsystems represent 63% of top 30 program lifetime value

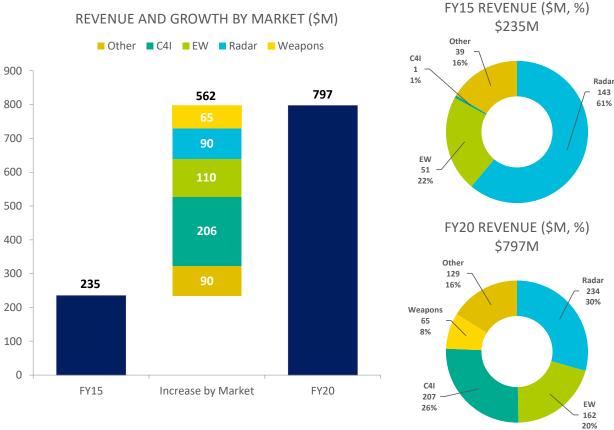


Notes: Fiscal years ended June 30, FY15-FY20 figures are as reported in the Company's Form 10-Ks and/or internal Company data. Percent of total may not equal 100% due to other non-categorized revenue. Numbers are rounded. As additional information related to the Company's products by end user, application and/or product grouping is attained, the categorization of these products can vary over time. When this occurs, the Company reclassifies revenue by end user, application and/or product grouping for prior periods.



#### **Expanding into new markets**

- Continued growth in core markets
- Expansion into adjacent markets and leveraging current capabilities
- Additional capabilities drive content expansion
- Broader program and customer base
- Vastly larger addressable market
- Consistently driving above market growth rates



Notes: Fiscal years ended June 30, FY15-FY20 figures are as reported in the Company's Form 10-Ks and/or internal Company data. Percent of total may not equal 100% due to other non-categorized revenue. Numbers are rounded. As additional information related to the Company's products by end user, application and/or product grouping is attained, the categorization of these products can vary over time. When this occurs, the Company reclassifies revenue by end user, application and/or product grouping for prior periods.



#### Taking market share due to significant investments

Focused on core markets, technologies and scale. Invested \$1.3 billion since FY14 driving outsourcing





· Field-proven, approved design

#### **FY20 vs. FY19**

In \$ millions, except percentage and per share data	FY19	FY20 <sup>(3)</sup>	CHANGE
Bookings Book-to-Bill	\$782.9 1.20	\$954.3 1.20	22%
Backlog 12-Month Backlog	\$625.4 451.2	\$831.1 567.7	33%
Revenue Organic Revenue Growth <sup>(1)</sup>	\$654.7 12%	\$796.6 14%	22%
Gross Margin	43.7%	44.8%	1.1 pts
Operating Expenses Selling, General & Administrative Research & Development Amortization/Restructuring/Acquisition	\$209.6 110.7 68.9 29.9	\$265.8 132.3 98.5 35.0	27%
GAAP Net Income Effective Tax Rate	\$46.8 21.4%	\$85.7 8.8%	83%
GAAP EPS Weighted Average Diluted Shares	\$0.96 48.5	\$1.56 55.1	63%
Adjusted EPS <sup>(2)</sup>	\$1.84	\$2.30	25%
Adj. EBITDA <sup>(2)</sup> % of revenue	\$145.3 22.2%	\$176.2 22.1%	21%
Operating Cash Flow	\$97.5	\$115.2	18%
Free Cash Flow <sup>(2)</sup> % of Adjusted EBITDA	\$70.8 49%	\$71.9 41%	2%

#### Notes

- (1) Organic revenue represents total company revenue excluding net revenue from acquisitions for the first four full quarters since the entities acquisition date (which excludes any intercompany transactions). After the completion of four fiscal quarters, acquired businesses are treated as organic for current and comparable historical periods.
- comparable historical periods.(2) Non-GAAP, see reconciliation table.
- (3) Effective as of July 1, 2019, the Company's fiscal year has changed to the 52-week or 53-week period ending on the Friday closest to the last day of June. All references in this presentation to the fourth quarter and full fiscal 2020 are to the 53-week period ended July 3, 2020, and to the first quarter of fiscal 2021 are for the quarter ending October 2, 2020 and 52-week period ending July 2, 2021.



### **Mercury recent acquisition history**

Company	Expansion Primary Theme	Closing Date	Purchase Price (\$M)	Ending Debt Balance	Funding
LIT	Security	Dec-2015	\$ 10	\$ 0	Cash on Hand
Microsemi <sup>(1)</sup>	Weapons, EW, Security	May-2016	\$ 300	-	Term Loan Cash on Hand
April 2016 Equity Offering			(\$ 93)	\$ 200	Equity Offering
CES	Platform/Mission, Comm's	Nov-2016	\$ 39	\$ 190	Cash on Hand
January 2017 Equity Offering			(\$ 216)	\$ 0 <sup>(2)</sup>	Equity Offering
Delta Microwave	EW, Space	Apr-2017	\$ 41	\$ 0 <sup>(2)</sup>	Cash on Hand
RTL	Platform/Mission	Jul-2017	\$ 6	\$ 0	Cash on Hand
Themis	C2I, Comm's	Feb-2018	\$ 180	\$ 195	Revolver
Germane Systems	C2I, Acoustics	Jul-2018	\$ 45	\$ 240	Revolver
GECO	Platform/Mission	Jan-2019	\$ 37	\$ 277	Revolver
Athena	Security	Apr-2019	\$ 46	\$ 325	Revolver
Syntonic Microwave	EW	Apr-2019	—	323 پ	VEAQUAGU
May 2019 Equity Offering			(\$ 455)	\$ 0 <sup>(3)</sup>	Equity Offering
APC	Platform/Mission, Vectronics	Sep-2019	\$ 100	\$ 0 <sup>(4)</sup>	Cash on Hand

Source: Company filings, Company investor presentations

- (1) Represents carve-out acquisition from Microsemi Corp.
- (2) On June 27, 2017, Mercury amended its senior secured credit facility, increasing and extending the revolving credit facility and utilizing the January 2017 equity offering proceeds to repay the remaining principal on the existing term loan.
- (3) Reflects repayment of debt with proceeds from the May 2019 common stock offering.
- (4) Reflects acquisition of American Panel Corporation (APC) on September 23, 2019 with proceeds from the May 2019 common stock offering.

**Total Capital Deployed:** \$804

### Committed to maintaining differentiated and attractive financial profile

PERCENTAGE OF ALL NYSE AND NASDAQ U.S. LISTED COMPANIES 100% WITH MARKET CAPITALIZATION BETWEEN \$1B - \$7B Operating expense leverage Program production mix Increase Adj. EBITDA Operational improvements margins Full acquisition integration 31% Alignment with DoD priorities **Grow organically at** Increased outsourcing high-single / Program content expansion low-double digit Increased market share 10% **Supplement** Large pipeline of targets w/strategic Significant financial firepower M&A Revolver with attractive terms Identify, execute, integrate 3%



## Strategy and business model delivering financial performance well above industry average

- Track record of strong organic growth, profitability and strategic M&A
- Significant investment over last 5 years is competitive differentiator
- Poised for continued organic growth and margin expansion
- Well positioned for future M&A with strong pipeline and financial flexibility
- Clear strategy to continue to maintain unique financial profile





#### **Balance sheet**

			As of		
(In \$ millions) <sup>(1)</sup>	6/30/19	9/27/19	12/27/19	3/27/20	7/3/20
ASSETS					
Cash & cash equivalents	\$257.9	\$161.3	\$182.0	\$407.1	\$226.8
Accounts receivable, net	176.2	177.5	193.4	214.0	210.7
Inventory, net	137.1	148.5	153.6	161.9	178.1
PP&E, net	60.0	65.9	72.7	78.7	87.7
Goodwill and intangibles, net	768.3	847.4	839.2	831.4	822.8
Other <sup>(2)</sup>	17.4	73.3	71.7	78.5	84.6
TOTAL ASSETS	\$1,417.0	\$1,473.9	\$1,512.6	\$1,771.6	\$1,610.7
LIABILITIES AND S/E					
AP and accrued expenses <sup>(2)</sup>	\$86.7	\$84.8	\$91.3	\$109.6	\$107.0
Other liabilities <sup>(2)</sup>	45.5	93.7	104.3	112.6	118.9
Debt	-	-	-	200.0	-
Total liabilities	132.2	178.5	195.6	422.2	225.9
Stockholders' equity	1,284.7	1,295.3	1,317.1	1,349.4	1,384.8
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND S/E	\$1,417.0	\$1,473.9	\$1,512.6	\$1,771.6	\$1,610.7

- (1) Rounded amounts used.(2) Effective July 1, 2019, the Company has adopted ASC 842 - Leases using the optional transition method. Prior transition method. Prior periods were not changed. As of July 3, 2020, the Company has Right-of-use assets of \$60.6 million and total Lease liabilities of \$73.9 million, of which \$6.9 million included in accrued expenses.



### **Cash flow summary**

	EV40	Foi	the Fiscal C	Quarters End	ded	EV20
(In \$ millions) <sup>(1)</sup>	FY19	9/27/19	12/27/19	3/27/20	7/3/20	FY20
Net Income	\$46.8	\$19.2	\$15.7	\$23.6	\$27.2	\$85.7
Depreciation and amortization	46.4	11.4	12.5	12.7	12.8	49.3
Termination of interest rate swap	5.4	-	-	-	-	-
Gain on investment	-	-	-	(3.8)	(2.0)	(5.8)
Other non-cash items, net	21.6	6.4	7.6	8.5	6.8	29.4
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities						
Accounts receivable, unbilled receivables, and costs in excess of billings	(28.1)	2.2	(15.7)	(20.7)	3.2	(31.1)
Inventory	(17.1)	0.4	(5.7)	(8.2)	(18.1)	(31.6)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	17.9	(6.3)	5.8	18.4	(4.4)	13.6
Other	4.5	(9.0)	11.8	(0.4)	3.2	5.7
	(22.7)	(12.8)	(3.8)	(10.9)	(16.1)	(43.4)
Operating Cash Flow	97.5	24.3	32.1	30.1	28.7	115.2
Capital expenditures	(26.7)	(9.6)	(11.3)	(10.9)	(11.5)	(43.3)
Free Cash Flow <sup>(2)</sup>	\$70.8	\$14.7	\$20.7	\$19.2	\$17.2	\$71.9
Free Cash Flow <sup>(2)</sup> / Adjusted EBITDA <sup>(2)</sup>	49%	40%	48%	41%	35%	41%
Free Cash Flow <sup>(2)</sup> / GAAP Net Income	151%	76%	132%	81%	63%	84%

- (1) Rounded amounts used.
  (2) Non-GAAP, see reconciliation table.



### Q4 FY20 vs. Q4 FY19

In \$ millions, except percentage and per share data	Q4 FY19	Q4 FY20 <sup>(3)</sup>	CHANGE
Bookings Book-to-Bill	\$241.3 1.36	\$278.6 1.28	15%
Backlog 12-Month Backlog	\$625.4 451.2	\$831.1 567.7	33%
Revenue Organic Revenue Growth <sup>(1)</sup>	\$177.0 4%	\$217.4 17%	23%
Gross Margin	45.1%	44.4%	(0.7 pts)
Operating Expenses Selling, General & Administrative Research & Development Amortization/Restructuring/Acquisition	\$59.0 30.7 20.3 7.9	\$70.2 35.5 27.0 7.7	19%
GAAP Net Income Effective Tax Rate	\$12.8 (1.7%)	\$27.2 (0.9)%	113%
GAAP EPS Weighted Average Diluted Shares	\$0.25 50.7	\$0.49 55.3	96%
Adjusted EPS <sup>(2)</sup>	\$0.48	\$0.72	50%
Adj. EBITDA <sup>(2)</sup> % of revenue	\$37.9 21.4%	\$49.6 22.8%	31%
Operating Cash Flow	\$26.0	\$28.7	11%
Free Cash Flow <sup>(2)</sup> % of Adjusted EBITDA	\$17.1 45%	\$17.2 35%	1%

#### Notes

- (1) Organic revenue represents total company revenue excluding net revenue from acquisitions for the first four full quarters since the entities' acquisition date (which excludes any intercompany transactions). After the completion of four fiscal quarters, acquired businesses are treated as organic for current and comparable historical periods.
- (2) Non-GAAP, see reconciliation table.
- (3) Effective as of July 1, 2019, the Company's fiscal year has changed to the 52-week or 53-week period ending on the Friday closest to the last day of June. All references in this presentation to the fourth quarter and full fiscal 2020 are to the 53-week period ended July 3, 2020, and to the first quarter of fiscal 2021 are to the quarter ending October 2, 2020 and 52-week period ending July 2, 2021.



### **Adjusted EPS reconciliation**

				-	Q1 FY	21 <sup>(2)(6)</sup>	FY21	(2)(6)
(In thousands, except per share data)	Q4 FY19	Q4 FY20	FY19	FY20	Low	High	Low	High
Earnings per share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.49	\$ 0.96	\$ 1.56	\$ 0.18	\$ 0.22	\$ 1.23	\$ 1.34
Net Income	\$12,804	\$ 27,224	\$46,775	\$ 85,712	\$ 10,100	\$ 12,300	\$ 68,500	\$ 74,400
Other non-operating adjustments, net(3)	\$ 519	(2,250)	364	(5,636)	-	-		-
Amortization of intangible assets	7,008	7,701	27,914	30,560	7,700	7,700	30,300	30,300
Restructuring and other charges	(13)	(10)	560	1,805	4	¥		14
Impairment of long-lived assets			-	-				-
Acquisition and financing costs Fair value adjustments from purchase accounting	7,036	636 601	9,628 713	5,645 1,801	800	800	3,100	3,100
Litigation and settlement expense, net	19	315	344	944				27.
COVID related expenses <sup>(4)</sup>		2,196	-	2,593	2,200	2,200	2,200	2,200
Stock-based and other non-cash compensation expense	4,626	7,640	19,621	26,972	8,000	8,000	33,300	33,300
Impact to income taxes <sup>(5)</sup>	(7,738)	(4,293)	(16,630)	(23,634)	(4,800)	(4,800)	(18,000)	(18,000
Adjusted income	\$ 24,261	\$ 39,760	\$89,289	\$ 126,762	\$ 24,000	\$ 26,200	\$ 119,400	\$ 125,300
Adjusted earnings per share <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 0.48	\$ 0.72	\$ 1.84	\$ 2.30	\$ 0.43	\$ 0.47	\$ 2.15	\$ 2.26
Weighted-average shares outstanding:								
Basic	49,835	54,637	47,831	54,546				
Diluted	50,655	55,259	48,500	55,115	55,400	55,400	55,500	55,500

#### Note

- Per share information is presented on a fully diluted basis.
- (2) Rounded amounts used.
- (2) Nothered mothers described in the company has revised its definition of adjusted income and adjusted earnings per share to incorporate other non-operating adjustments, which includes gains or losses on foreign currency remeasurement, investments and fixed asset sales or disposals among other adjustments. Adjusted EPS for prior periods has been recast for comparative purposes.
- (4) Effective as of the third quarter of fiscal 2020, the Company has added back incremental COVID -related expenses.
- (5) Impact to income taxes is calculated by recasting income before income taxes to include the add-backs involved in determining adjusted income and recalculating the income tax provision using this adjusted income from operations before income taxes. The recalculation also adjusts for any discrete tax expense or benefit related to the add-backs.
- (6) Effective as of July 1, 2019, the Company's fiscal year has changed to the 52-week or 53-week period ending on the Friday closest to the last day in June. All references in this presentation to the fourth quarter and full fiscal 2020 are to the 53-week period ended July 3, 2020, and to the first quarter of fiscal 2021 and full fiscal 2021 are to the quarter ending October 2, 2020 and 52-week period ending July 2, 2021.

### **Adjusted EBITDA reconciliation**

					Q1 FY	21 <sup>(2)(3)</sup>	FY2	1 <sup>(2)(3)</sup>
(In thousands)	Q4 FY19	Q4 FY20	FY19	FY20	Low	High	Low	High
Net Income	\$12,804	\$ 27,224	\$ 46,775	\$ 85,712	\$ 10,100	\$ 12,300	\$ 68,500	\$ 74,400
Other non-operating adjustments, net <sup>(1)</sup>	519	(2,250)	364	(5,636)	-	-	-	
Interest expense (income), net	1,591	754	8,177	(1,145)	(100)	(100)	(300)	(300)
Income tax (benefit) provision	(217)	(234)	12,752	8,221	3,500	4,300	24,100	26,200
Depreciation	4,554	5,050	18,478	18,770	5,800	5,800	26,800	26,800
Amortization of intangible assets	7,008	7,701	27,914	30,560	7,700	7,700	30,300	30,300
Restructuring and other charges	(13)	(10)	560	1,805	-	-	-	-
Impairment of long-lived assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5
Acquisition and financing costs	7,036	636	9,628	5,645	800	800	3,100	3,100
Fair value adjustments from purchase accounting	2	601	713	1,801	-	-	-	_
Litigation and settlement expense, net	19	315	344	944	-	-	-	15
COVID related expenses <sup>(4)</sup>		2,196		2,593	2,200	2,200	2,200	2,200
Stock-based and other non-cash compensation expense	4,626	7,640	19,621	26,972	8,000	8,000	33,300	33,300
Adjusted EBITDA	\$37,927	\$ 49,623	\$145,326	\$176,242	\$ 38,000	\$ 41,000	\$ 188,000	\$ 196,000

#### Notes

- As of July 1, 2018, the Company has revised its definition of adjusted EBITDA to incorporate other non-operating adjustments, net, which includes gains or losses on foreign currency remeasurement, investments and fixed asset sales or disposals among other adjustments.
- (2) Rounded amounts used.
- (3) Effective as of July 1, 2019, the Company's fiscal year has changed to the 52-week or 53-week period ending on the Friday closest to the last day in June. All references in this presentation to the fourth quarter and full fiscal 2020 are to the 53-week period ended July 3, 2020, and to the first quarter of fiscal 2021 and full fiscal 2021 are to the quarter ending October 2, 2020 and 52-week period ending July 2, 2021.
- (4) Effective as of the third quarter of fiscal 2020, the Company has added back incremental COVID-related expenses.



#### Free cash flow reconciliation

(In thousands)	Q4 FY19	Q4 FY20	FY19	FY20
Cash provided by operating activities	\$ 25,969	\$ 28,726	\$ 97,517	\$ 115,184
Purchases of property and equipment	(8,829)	(11,506)	(26,691)	(43,294)
Free cash flow	\$17,140	\$ 17,220	\$ 70,826	\$ 71,890

### Organic revenue reconciliation

(In thousands)	Q4 FY19	Q4 FY20	FY19	FY20	
Organic revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 174,899	\$ 205,463	\$ 641,209	\$	732,572
Acquired revenue	2,064	11,941	13,535		64,038
Net revenues	\$ 176,963	\$ 217,404	\$ 654,744	\$	796,610

#### Notes

(1) Organic revenue represents total company revenue excluding net revenue from acquisitions for the first four full quarters since the entities' acquisition date (which excludes any intercompany transactions). After the completion of four fiscal quarters, acquired businesses are treated as organic for current and comparable historical periods.

### **Glossary**

API	Application Programming Interface
BCA	Budget Control Act
C4I	Command, Control, Communications, Computers
COTS	Commercial off-the Shelf
CPU	Central Processing Unit
EO/IR	Electro-optical / Infrared
EW	Electronic Warfare
FPGA	Field Programmable Gate Array
GPU	Graphics Processing Unit
1/0	Input/Output
IP	Intellectual Property
IRAD	Internal Research And Development
NTCD	Non-traditional Defense Contractor
ОТА	Other Transaction Authority
PBR	President's Budget Request
R&D	Research & Development
RF	Radio Frequency
SEMS	Sensor and Effector Mission Systems

